# The module of subsystem "Data acquisition" <BlockCalc>

Module:	BlockCalc	
Name:	Block calculator.	
Туре:	DAQ	
Source:	daq_BlockCalc.so	
Version:	1.6.0	
Author:	Roman Savochenko	
Translated:	Franslated: Maxim Lysenko	
Description:	Provides a block calculator.	
License:	GPL	

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#### Introduction

The module of subsystems «DAQ» BlockCalc provides the system OpenSCADA with the mechanism for creating custom calculations. The mechanism of calculations based on the formal language of block circuits(functional blocks).

Also, the module implements the functions of the horizontal reservation, namely, working in conjunction with the remote station of the same level. In addition to the synchronization of the archives of values and archives of attributes of parameters the module implements synchronization of computational templates, in order to shockless catch of the algorithms.

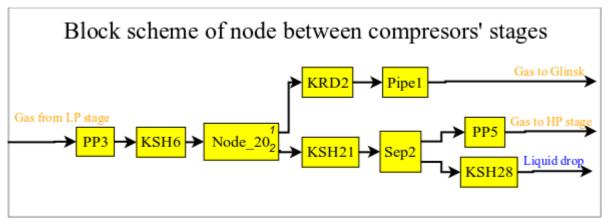
Languages of block programming based on the notion of circuits(functional blocks). Moreover, depending on the substance of the block, block circuits may include: logic, relay logic circuits, a model of technological process, and more. The essence of the block circuit is that it contains a list of blocks and relations between them.

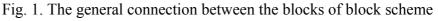
From a formal point of view a block is an element(function), which has inputs, outputs, and an algorithm for computing. Basing on the concept of programming area, block is a frame of values associated with the object of function.

Of course, the inputs and outputs of blocks may be needed to be connected for a solid block scheme. The following types of links are provided:

- Interblock, connecting the input of one block to the output of another one, the input of one block to another one's input and output of one block to the input of another one;
- Interblock remote, connection of blocks of controllers of different block circuits of the module;
- Coefficients, the transformation of input into the constant, all inputs / outputs by default are initiated as a constant;
- External attribute of the parameter.

Conditionally, connections of blocks can be represented as links between the blocks as a whole(Fig. 1) or detailing of the links(Fig. 2). In the process of binding parameters of blocks the connection of parameters of any type is acceptable. Thus, in the process of computation automatically casting of types will be done.





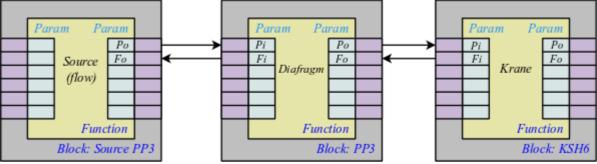


Fig. 2. Detailed links between blocks

#### 1. The controller of the module

Each controller of this module contains the block circuit, which he computes with the specified period. In order to provide calculated data in the system OpenSCADA the parameters can be created in the controller. Example of the configuration tab of the controller of the given type depicted in Fig. 3.

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Name        Demo station       Herein State Bases	Controller: The model of KM101	
⊞ <mark>189</mark> Security ⊞ ∮ Transports	Controller Parameters Blocks scheme	
· ⊕··· <b>` ●</b> Transport protocols □··· <b>·</b> ● Data acquisition □··· <b>Module:</b>	Status: 0:Started. Call by period: 10ms. Spent time: 0.656ms.	
⊕ AMR devices ⊕ BFN module ⊖ Block based calculator	Run:  Controller DB: MySQL.AnastModel	
⊕- Mainstation     ⊕- Mainstation (controlle     ⊕- The model of KM101	Config	
⊕ The model of KM102 ⊕ KM102cntr ⊕ The model of KM201	Name: The model of KM101 Description:	
⊕ The model of KM301 ⊕ The model of KM302 ⊕ The model of KM202 ⊕ Data sources gate ⊕ DCON client ⊕ Diamond DA boards	Contains the model of the first compressor KM101 of low pressure.	
⊕- ICP DAS hardware ⊕- Java-like based calculato ⊕- Logic level	To enable: 🕑	
⊕- ModBUS ⊕- OPC UA Machinery on 6kB monito	Parameters table: AnastKM101_prm	
⊞ SNMP client ⊡ Siemens DAQ	Block's table: AnastKM101_blocks	
🕀 - Sound card 🗄 - 🧸 System DA	Calc task priority: 0	
	Iteration number into calc period: 1	
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Fig. 3. Tab configuration of the controller.

From this tab you can set:

- The state controller, as follows: State, "Enabled", "Running" and the name of the database containing the configuration.
- Id, name and description of the controller.
- The state, in which the controller is to be translated at boot time: "Enabled" and "Running".
- The names of tables to store the parameters and blocks of the controller.
- The calc schedule policy, priority and number of iterations in one cycle of calculating task of the block scheme of the controller.

#### 2. The block scheme of the controller

The block scheme is formed by means of the tab controller's blocks, configuration of the block (Figure 4) and its connections (Fig. 5).

Blocks of block scheme can connect both among themselves and to the attributes of the parameters. Blocks themselves do not contain the structure of input/output(IO), but contain values, based on the IOstructure of related function. Function for linking with a block is used from the object model of the system OpenSCADA.

Any block may at any time be removed from the process and be reconfigured and then may be again included in the process. Communications between the blocks can be configured without exception blocks from the processing and stopping of the controller. All IO values without connections can be changed during processing.

Using tab of the blocks you can:

- Add/remove a block in the block scheme.
- To monitor the total number, number of enabled and the number of processing blocks.

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🖨 KM101	Description:			
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KSH101 (control mec	unction: DAQ.JavaLikeCalc.lib_techApp.fnc_klap			
	Go to function			
KSH104	Go to function			
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Fig. 4. Configuration tab of the block scheme.

Using the form of block configuration it can be set:

- The state of the block, as follows: "Enabled" and "Processed".
- Id, name and description of the block.
- The state in which the block is to be translated at boot time: "Enabled" and "Running".
- Set block which must calculate before this block.
- Appoint a working function from the object model. Back to the function for familiarization.

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Block: KPP101      Block: KPP101      Block IO Links      Block IO Links      Show      Hidden:      Show      Hidden:      Commonstation      KM102cntr      Commonstation (cntr)      KM101      Free      Input flow (tones/h): Free      node4_1.Po2      Input temperature (K): Local      AT101_2.To	
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Fig. 5. Configuration tab of links of the block of the block scheme.

Using the configuration tab of links of the block of the block scheme the links can be set for the parameter of each block separately.

The following types of links are supported:

- Inter-block. Connecting the block input to the output of another block, the input of one block to another's input and output of one block to the input of another.
- Distant inter-block. The connection of blocks from various controllers of the module.
- Ratio. The transformation of the input to a constant. All inputs/outputs by default are initiated as constants.
- External attribute of the parameter.

To set values for the parameter of the block there is the corresponding tab (Fig.6).

In accordance with the custom functions in the system OpenSCADA the four main types of IO are supported: integer, float, boolean and string.

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Data acquisition	Block: KPP101
	Block IO Links
SNMP client     ⊡ Block based calculator     ⊡ Commonstation	Hidden:
	Input flow (tones/h): 0 Input pressure (ata): 27.2158 Input temperature (K): 302.264
Compressor KM101 stage 1 Compressor KM101 stage 2 Compressor KM101 stage 2	Output flow (tones/h): 2.84894 Output pressure (ata): 5.21357
KSH104 (control mechanism)     Baffle 100     Air cooler AT101_1	Output temperature (K): 273 Output pipe cutset (m2): 0.071
Air cooler AT101_2 Node 3.1 KSH105 (control mechanism)	Output pipe length (m): 10 Valve 1 cutset (m2): 0.04
KSH101 (control mechanism) KSH101 KSH104	Valve 2 cutset (m2): 0.001
Node 4.1 KSH106 KSH106 (control mechanism)	Valve 1 open (%):         0           Valve 2 open (%):         0
Separator C101/1 ▼	Norm density of environs (kg/m3): 1 Linearity coefficient: 2
	Compressibility coefficient (01): 0.95
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Fig. 6. Configuration tab of values of parameters of block of the block scheme.

### 3. Parameters of the controller

The module provides only one type of parameters – the "Standard". The parameter used to reflect the data, calculated in the blocks, on the attributes of the controller's parameters. Example of the configuration tab of the parameter is shown in Fig.7.

Fig. 7. Configuration tab of values of parameters of the controller.

From this tab you can set:

- The state of the parameter, as follows: "Enabled" and type of the parameter.
- Id, name and description of the parameter.
- The state in which the parameter must be translated at boot time: "Enabled".
- The list of attributes that are reflected on the parameters of the blocks. It is created as the list of elements in the format: *<BLK*>.*<BLK\_IO*>:*<AID*>:*<ANM*>. Where:
  - $\langle BLK \rangle$  block ID, block schemes ID; for constant value set to:
    - '\*s' string type;
    - '\*i' integer type;
    - '\*r' real type;
    - '\*b' boolean type.
  - <BLK\_IO> parameter of the block or of the the block scheme; for constant value set to attribute value;
  - *<AID>* attribute of the parameter ID;
  - *<ANM>* name of the attribute of parameter.

## 4. Copying of the block schemes

To simplify and expedite the development of complex and repetitive block schemes the mechanism of copying of the elements of block scheme both individually and block schemes entirely is provided. The mechanism of copying is integrated into the kernel of OpenSCADA and operates transparently.